Upcycling Project Re-Design It

Cassia County TA & JP 24

Redesigning clothing means to change the design, style, fit, color, or trim of a garment to make it suitable for more wear. It can involve deconstructing and reconstructing the garment, which is more involved than alterations a tailor might make.

Here are some examples of redesigning clothing:

- Adding minor details: Adding a decorative trim
- Changing the purpose: Transforming a dress into a top
- Sewing on fabric: Stitching or sewing another piece of fabric on top or underneath
- Combining garments: Redesigning two old t-shirts into one new one

For this project you can purchase an ensemble from yard sales, thrift stores, or you can find something from mom's closet or even your own closet, and turn it into a new outfit, meaning take a dress and turn it into a shirt or a vest, or taking a men's shirt and turning it into a dress. There is that really pretty table cloth you found you can turn it into a dress. Basically taking something oldish and turning it into something new. You can combine 2-3 items into one new item, or completely re-design one item with embellishments. The skies the limit. Have fun.

You can do this as a one year project or take this for up to three years.

Here are some examples for doing this as a 3 year project.

- Year 1 example You have a favorite pair of jeans you hate to part with so you come up with a brilliant idea to turn it into a skirt you can wear for several more years.
- Year 2 example You find a beautiful dress and jean jacket at a yard sale but the dress color is awful, so you learn about dyeing it a different color. You have taken into account the fabric type and the type of color dye you can use, you have also learned about the process and the timing it will take to make the dress into something spectacular. The Jean jacket you have found the perfect embellishments to add to it to make the dress a complete ensemble.
- Year 3 example You found several old patterns and an old table cloth that was handed down to your mother
 and you convince her to let you make a dress or outfit out of it by combining several of the old patterns you
 found.

Make sure that you are doing at least 3 different sewing elements each year. Add these items into your activity log.

Complete the Checklist questions and add them to your record book.

Encouraged to participate in the Cassia County 4-H Sewing Showcase

Tips:

- Makes sure that there are no stains on your clothing item(s) and they have been cleaned properly (i.e. dry cleaned, spot cleaned, etc.) Or they have been hidden by your embellishments.
- You have fixed any broken buttons, zippers and repaired holes (make sure your patches are sewn on)
- Dyeing If you are dyeing the fabric, make sure you are using the correct dye for the fabric you are dyeing.
- For embellishments you can use HTV (Heat Transfer Vinyl), Lace, Ribbon, Buttons, Fabric paint/marker, Beads, etc.

Upcycling Project Re-Design It

Checklist Questions

Purchase or acquire a "Re-Design It" ensemble.		
Answer the following questions.		
	Date	Leaders
	Completed	Initials
Whore did you purchase or acquire your encomble?	Completed	IIIILIAIS
Where did you purchase or acquire your ensemble?		
What was the cost if purchased?		
What was the cost if purchased:		
What is the fabric content? (is it Synthetic, or Natural material. List the fabric type.)		
what is the fashe content. (is it synthetic, or Nataral Material. List the fashe type.)		
What are the care instructions for your ensemble? If the labels are gone, how would		
you care for this?		
List three positive points about your ensemble?		
,		

List two negative points about your ensemble?	
What accessories did you find to go with your ensemble?	
, ,	
Dyeing: What type of dye did you use? What issues did you have?	
,	
List all the items you used to make your new ensemble?	
What embellishments did you use?	
That emberse and you use.	

Here are some pictures of ideas that have been done.









Before













Machine Wash, Warm

Non-chlorine Bleach

> Iron, Steam or Dry, with

Laundry Guide to... \alpha \alpha \common Care Symbols Medium Heat

Tumble Dry, Low Heat



Machine Wash, COLD



Machine Wash, COLD Permanent Press



Machine Wash, COLD **Gentle Cycle**



Hand Wash



Washing

INSTRUCTIONS

Machine Wash, WARM

Machine Wash,

HOT



Machine Wash, WARM **Permanent Press**

Machine Wash,

Permanent Press

HOT



Machine Wash, WARM **Gentle Cycle**

Machine Wash,

Gentle Cycle

HOT



Do Not Wash

Care Labels: Your Guide to Easy Care

Care labels provide helpful information that can save you time and money.

Cleaner, fresher clothes means longerwearing apparel.

And clothes that are bleachable are easier to get clean.

When a care label doesn't mention

bleach or says "Bleach when needed," it means it is safe to use Clorox liquid bleach. When the label says "Non-chlorine bleach when needed" use a non-chlorine (color-safe) bleach like Clorox 20.

Because clothes can be mislabeled, follow the easy directions on bleach container labels to test fabrics for colorfastness.



Bleaching

INSTRUCTIONS



Bleach as needed Any bleach, like Clorox®, may be safely used



Non-chlorine Bleach as needed Use only a color-safe bleach, like Clorox 2®



Do Not Bleach

No bleach product should be used including detergents with bleach - or follow bleach package test procedures to test for bleach safety.



Drying

INSTRUCTIONS



Tumble Dry, NO HEAT

Tumble Dry,

LOW HEAT

Tumble Dry,

Tumble Dry,

HIGH

MEDIUM



Tumble Dry, Permanent Press, NO HEAT



Tumble Dry, Permanent Press, LOW HEAT



Tumble Dry, Permanent Press, **MEDIUM**



Tumble Dry, Gentle Cycle, NO HEAT



Do Not **Tumble Dry**



Tumble Dry, Gentle Cycle, LOW HEAT

Tumble Dry,

MEDIUM

Gentle Cycle,



Line Dry



Drip Dry



Dry Flat



Ironing INSTRUCTIONS



Iron, Steam or Dry, with LOW HEAT



Iron, Steam or Dry, with HIGH HEAT



Do Not Iron with Steam



Do Not Iron





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Dryclean May appear with additional letters and/or lines Take this item to a professional drycleaner



Do Not Dryclean